

Saturday 21 October, 1pm St Nicholas Church

BATTLE CRY: SHE SPEAKS

Helen Charlston mezzo-soprano Toby Carr theorbo

Henry Purcell 1659–1695 Oh, lead me to some peaceful gloom

(Bonduca's song)

Barbara Strozzi 1619–1677 L'eraclito Amoroso

Robert de Visée 1650-1725 Prelude

John Eccles 1668–1735 Restless in Thought

Owain Park b. 1993 Battle Cry

i. Boudicca

ii. Philomela in the Forest

iii. A Singer's Ode to Sappho

iv. Marietta

Giovanni Kapsberger 1580–1651 Preludio Quinto

Strozzi La Travagliata

Claudio Monteverdi 1567–1643 Lamento d'Arianna

de Visée Sarabande

Purcell An Evening Hymn



Brighton Early Music Festival gratefully acknowledges financial support from Arts Council National Lottery Project Grants and our Guardian Angels:

Christopher & Jo Baron Frances Lindsay-Hills Maurice & Patricia Rigby

Nicolas & Auriol Chisholm Pam Mason Maurice Shipsey
Mike & Jenny Clemens Simon & Penny Mathews Richard Vernon

Gavin Henderson Margaret Polmear & anonymous donors

Become a Festival Friend at bremf.org.uk/festival-friends

Battle Cry: She Speaks

Stories of women such as Dido and Ariadne have been re-told throughout history, as ancient tales dealt with the reality of war on the women 'left behind' by male dominated storytelling. Is abandonment really helplessness, or is that just where a new adventure begins?

Purcell's adaptation of John Fletcher's play *Bonduca* (dating from a month before the composer's death) deftly contrasts the pull of glory and tragedy. In 'Oh, Lead me to some peaceful gloom', Bonduca looks to love as an escape from her inevitable demise, a shelter from the trumpets and tumults of war and a place to soothe her 'pleasing pain'.

Loss is the turning point in 'L'eraclito Amoroso'. Silence and lament become joy and delight, and ultimately Heraclitus is revitalised by the pleasing pain of abandonment. Written in five sections that oscillate between the heightened speech-like recitative, and a slow melodic ground built on four repeating chords, this is a brilliant example of Strozzi's distinctive cantata style.

'Restless in Thought, disturb'd in mind' was written as incidental music to appear in *She Ventures, He Wins*, a comedy published by a 'Young Woman under the pseudonym of Ariadne' telling the story of two young women intent on marrying someone who loves them for their minds and not their money. They test their suitors in a confusion of disguises and mistaken identities.

The long neck with extended bass strings is undoubtedly the most eye-catching feature of the theorbo, an innovation claimed by Piccinini. He applied the new style of dramatic composition championed by Monteverdi to the lute and theorbo. His Toccata features quick changes of mood, and techniques that push the boundaries of what is possible on these newly transformed instruments.

Written in 2020–2021, Battle Cry is a homage to the vivid musical and poetic language of the 17th century. We meet Boudicca, Philomela, Sappho and Marietta, asking who they were, and what they might say to us today. These songs of legacy examine Boudicca's name, a name that we have little concept of how to pronounce, and commemorate Philomela, who lost her voice when her tongue was cut out. 'A Singer's Ode to Sappho' centres the voice as a solo instrument, and 'Marietta' asks questions of the women involved, and us as an audience.

An echo of the ancient Greek *kithara*, the theorbo was originally designed for the accompaniment of this dramatic *seconda prattica* music as well as a solo instrument. Kapsberger's Preludio Quinto is from a versatile set of short solos in various keys, that serve as something of a palate cleanser whilst bringing us back into this vibrant 17th– century world.

'La Travagliata' showcases a simpler, strophic incarnation of Barbara Strozzi's musical language. Sung by a suffering lover stuck in the world of unrequited love, each verse is a request to the lover asking simply for first a look, then a word and finally a kiss.

Monteverdi's 'Lamento d'Arianna' is the only surviving music of his lost opera. Whilst there is futility, despair and misery; you never doubt Arianna's regal qualities. She remains an open-hearted and caring being, all-consumed by and resigned to the power of love, but Monteverdi's musical twists and turns mean the darkness is never far away. As the lament winds to an end, Arianna sees the faces of her parents, her home, friends and all she left behind for the one she loved, perhaps, *too* much?

After much anguish, we end with a prayer of solace, to put all the stories we have heard this evening to rest. The closing Hallelujah of 'An Evening Hymn' can be heard in many ways, but here we hope it becomes an answer to some of the questions we have been asking.

Helen and Toby's debut album, Battle Cry, was released on Delphian Records in 2022 to great acclaim and won the 2023 BBC Music Magazine Vocal Award.

The performers

"Surely one of the most exciting voices in the new generation of British singers" (Gramophone Magazine 2022)

Helen Charlston first appeared at BREMF in the 2017 production of Monteverdi's *Orfeo*. Since then, she has crafted a place for herself at the forefront of the classical musical scene in the UK and abroad. A founder participant of the Rising Star of the Enlightenment, she regularly works alongside the Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment, appearing in their film version of Dido's Lament inspired by Coldplay's iconic video of 'The Scientist'. She is a BBC New Generation Artist (2021–23), was a member of Le Jardin des Voix academy with Les Arts Florissants in 2021–22, and recently won both a Gramophone Award for best Concept Album and BBC Music Magazine Vocal Award for her album 'Battle Cry' that forms today's programme.

An avid recitalist, Helen has given solo recitals at Wigmore Hall, Concertgebouw Amsterdam, and the Leeds Lieder, Oxford Song and Cheltenham Festivals. She is an advocate for contemporary music, particularly that performed on period instruments, and regularly commissions new composers. Beyond her performing life, Helen is an artistic advisor for York Early Music Festival and a Vice President for the Rodolfus Foundation.

helencharlston.com

Lutenist and guitarist **Toby Carr** is known as a versatile and engaging artist, working with some of the finest musicians in the business. While studying the classical guitar at Trinity Laban he was introduced to historical plucked instruments, an interest he pursued during a postgraduate degree at the Guildhall School of Music & Drama, graduating in 2016 and welcomed back as a professor in 2021. Now in demand as a soloist, chamber musician and continuo player, his playing has been described as 'sensuous and vivid' (The Guardian), 'Eloquent' (BBC Music Magazine) and 'Mesmerising' (Opera Today).

Toby has performed with most of the principal period instrument ensembles in the UK and beyond, as well as with many symphony orchestras, opera companies and ballet companies. He collaborates with singers such as Nicholas Mulroy, Alexander Chance and Helen Charlston. Notable recordings include 'Battle Cry' with Helen Charlston for Delphian and 'Drop not, mine eyes' with Alexander Chance for Linn.

Settled in Greenwich, south-east London with his wife and collaborator, harpist Aileen Henry, Toby's interests outside of music include reading, cooking and travelling, though when not working he generally tries to do as little as possible.

tobycarr.co.uk

The texts

L'eraclito amoroso

Udite amanti la cagione, oh Dio, ch'a. lagrimar mi porta: nell'adorato e bello idolo mio, che sì fido credei, la fede è morta.

Vaghezza ho sol di piangere, mi pasco sol di lagrime, il duolo è mia delizia e son miei gioie i gemiti. Ogni martie aggradami, ogni dolor dilettami, i singulti mi sanano, i sospir mi consolano.

Ma se la fede negami quell'incostante e perfido, almen fede serbatemi sino alla morte, o lagrime! Ogni tristezza assalgami, ogni cordoglio eternisi, tanto ogni male affliggami che m'uccida e sotterrimi.

Translation © Richard Kolb

Listen you lovers, to the cause, oh God, of my weeping: in my handsome and adored idol, whom I believed to be faithful, faith is dead.

I have pleasure only in weeping,
I nourish myself only with tears.
Grief is my delight
and moans are my joys.
Every anguish gives me pleasure,
every pain delights me,
sobs heal me,
sighs console me.

But if that inconstant traitor denies me constancy, at least let my devotion serve me until death, O tears.
Every sadness soothes me, every sorrow sustains itself, every ill afflicts me so much that it slays and buries me.

O Lead Me to Some Peaceful Gloom

Text: John Fletcher

O lead me to some peaceful gloom,
Where none but sighing lovers come,
Where the shrill trumpets never sound,
But one eternal hush goes round.
There let me soothe my pleasing pain,
And never think of war again.
What glory can a lover have,
To conquer, yet be still a slave?

Battle Cry

Texts: Georgia Way

i. Boudicca

Among the foundations near here a story of fire and battle has escaped like fragrance.

Her teeth are fired in the ashes of London. Romans displace her. Fine oils and wines bathe her fragile neck. The Thames delivers her.

Lost names seep away into stolen lands. Her life is in shards. The Iceni Queen knows a woman cannot speak out and live.

As for me, I cannot even utter her name: Boudicca, Boadicea? Two fragments of her passed down to me

as if she were never whole. Empty halves cradling versions of history she never chose.

ii. Philomela in the Forest

The falcon sings to me all day. His feathers are limp and brown. Turn tail, little falcon, fly far away, and leave me on my own.

You'll be hooded, silenced!
In this place
I was wounded, like bark drained
for its sap, then bound

in poison ivy.

Unspeakable! I cannot even cry out for my mother.
There in the canopy: are those her hands enfolding me?

The falcon sings to me all day. His feathers are limp and brown. Turn tail, little falcon, fly far away, and leave me on my own.

The falcon sings to me all day. His feathers are limp and brown. Turn tail, little falcon, fly far away, and leave me on my own.

iii. A Singer's Ode to Sappho

Oh Sappho! My voice is hoarse tonight, like torn papyrus.

It maims the words gathering in the temple to your name.

Are you there, Sappho? Hear my voice when I call. I pray, dwell in me:

Make my voice your lyre, take my cries. In the honeyed night,

your face, Lady, will I seek: singing until, in gilded sandals,

the dawn steps into birdsong.

iv. Marietta

Glück, das mir verblieb, Rück zu mir, mein treues Lieb.

(You, my happiness, that remained Come close to me, my faithful love)

Your eye catches beyond me, betraying bliss seared, charred with lament. A dried flower joyed in the summer, and now the seasons, resenting, succeed: the wild fires sorrow, follow the same snow again.

How frightened you are!
You drift away as your fingers float to my neck,
feeling smooth skin, the memento of another.
Understand that resemblance is nothing.
I resemble her only as a woman resembles a woman;
when we are irrevocable,
as unalike as tears.

But this is only a song to you.

A heightened story that means more than it is.

I am a woman – of course I know this song.

Women do not reside in the world.

Death's whorl is her dwelling place.

To descend is her debt,
the song the net,
capturing warm grief to settle on your cold flesh
and prove what you feel is true.

In the world we inhabit
the true love is not doomed to die.
How unkind
and how final
this mournful melody which makes no
promise of the future for either the dead or the living.

The dead breathe stale air to sing.

Jealous? Why would I be jealous of the dead?

Lamento d'Arianna

Lasciatemi morire.
E chi volete voi
che mi conforte
in così dura sorte,
in così gran martire?
Lasciatemi morire.

O Teseo, o Teseo mio, si che mio ti vo' dir Let me die.

And who do you think can comfort me in thus harsh fate, in thus great suffering? Let me die.

Oh Theseus, oh my Theseus, yes, I still call you mine

che mio pur sei,

benchè t'involi, ahi crudo,

a gl'occhi miei. Volgiti Teseo mio, volgiti Teseo, o Dio,

volgiti indietro a rimirar colei

che lasciato ha per te la Patria e'l regno,

e in queste arene ancora, cibo di fere dispietate e crude

lascierà l'ossa ignude. O Teseo, o Teseo mio, se tu sapessi, o Dio, se tu sapessi, oimè, come s'affanna la povera Arianna; Forse, forse pentito

rivolgeresti ancor la prora al lito.

Ma con l'aure serene

tu te ne vai felice, ed io qui piango.

A te prepara Atene

liete pompe superbe, ed io rimango, cibo di fere in solitarie arene.

Te l'uno e l'altro tuo vecchio parente stringeran lieti, ed io più non vedrovvi, o Madre, o Padre mio.

Dove, dov' è la fede
che tanto mi giuravi?
Così nell' alta fede
tu mi ripon degl' Avi?
Son queste le corone
onde m'adorn' il crine?
Questi gli scettri sono,
queste le gemme e gl'ori?
Lasciarmi in abbandono

a fera che mi strazi e mi divori?

Ah Teseo, ah Teseo mio,

lascierai tu morire

invan piangendo, invan gridando aita

la misera Arianna

ch'a te fidossi e ti diè gloria e vita?

Ahi, che non pur rispondi, ahi, che più d'aspe è sordo a miei lamenti! for mine you are,

although you flee, cruel one,

far from my eyes.

Turn back, my Theseus, turn back, Theseus, o God,

turn back to see again the one,

who for you has left her fatherland and kingdom,

and who, staying on these shores, a prey to cruel and pitiless beasts, will leave her bones denuded. Oh Theseus, oh my Theseus,

if you knew, oh God, if you only knew

how much poor Arianna

is frightened,

perhaps, overcome with remorse,

you would return your prow shorewards again.

But with the serene winds

you sail on happily, while I remain here weeping.

Athens prepares to greet you

with joyful and superb feasts and I remain, a prey to wild beasts on these solitary shores.

You will be happily embraced by

your old parents and I will not see you again,

oh mother, oh my father.

Where is the faith you swore me so much? Is this how you place me on my ancestor's throne? Are these the crowns

with which you adorn my hair?

Are these the sceptres,

the diamonds and the gold?

To leave me abandoned

for the beast to tear up and devour?

Ah Theseus, ah my Theseus,

would you let me die,

weeping in vain, crying for aid

the wretched Arianna,

who trusted you and gave you glory and life?

Ah, that you do not even reply!

Ah, that you are deaf to my laments!

O nembi, o turbi, o venti sommergetelo voi dentr' a quell' onde! Correte orche e balene, e delle membra immonde empiete le voragini profonde! Che parlo, ahi, che vaneggio? Misera, oimè, che chieggio? O Teseo, o Teseo mio, non son, non son quell' io, non son quell' io che i feri detti sciolse; parlò l'affanno mio, parlò il dolore,

parlò la lingua si ma non già il core.

Misera, ancor dò loco

a la tradita speme,
e non si spegne
fra tanto scherno ancor d'amor il foco.
Spegni tu morte omai le fiamme
indegne.
O Madre, o Padre,
o de l'antico Regno superbi alberghi,
ov' ebbi d'or la cuna.
O servi, o fidi amici –
ahi fato indegno! –
mirate ove m'ha scort' empia fortuna,

mirate di che duol m'ha fatto herede

l'amor mio, la mia fede e l'altrui inganno. Così va chi tropp' ama e troppo crede.

An Evening Hymn

Now, now that the sun hath veil'd his light And bid the world goodnight;
To the soft bed my body I dispose,
But where shall my soul repose?
Dear, dear God, even in Thy arms,
And can there be any so sweet security!
Then to thy rest, O my soul!
And singing, praise the mercy
That prolongs thy days.
Hallelujah!

Oh clouds, oh storms, oh winds, submerge him in those waves.
Fly, whales and orcs, and fill up the profound gulfs with these unworldly limbs!
What am I saying? Ah, what am I raving about?
Wretched that I am, what am I asking?
Oh Theseus, oh my Theseus, that is, that is not I, that it is not I who hurled these curses, my anguish spoke,

Wretched that I am, still I give place to a hope betrayed, and despite so much scorn the fire of love is not put out. For that put out now, death, the unworthy flames.

it was my tongue but not my heart.

the pain spoke,

heritage

Oh mother, oh father,
oh superb dwellings of the ancient kingdom,
where my golden cradle stood!
Oh servants, oh faithful friends –
Ah, unjust fate! –
See where a cruel fortune has led me,
see what pain has been given to me as a

for my love, my faith and for his betraying me. That is the fate of one who loves too much and believes too much.